



Dr. Bbosa Science

Sponsored by
The Science Foundation College
Uganda East Africa
Senior one to senior six
+256 778 633 682, 753 802709
Based On, best for science

digitalteachers.co.ug



Nurture your dreams

UACE Islamic Religious Education paper 3 - Revision questions (History of Islam)

(If you answer all and every question as often as it is set/found in these revision questions by writing you will never miss an 'A'. Remember UNEB marks written answers and therefore revision should be done by writing)

Section A

Hadith (Traditions of the Prophet)

- (a) Examine the social structure of the pre-Islamic Arabia. (13 marks)
(b) How did the structure come into existence? (12 marks)
- Some critics claim that Muhammad (PUBH) was the author of the Holy Qur'an. Using your knowledge of the prophet's life at Makkah, assess the validity of this claim. (25 marks)
- Account for the unrest during Caliph Ali's reign. (25 marks)
- To what extent did Muawiya contribute to the establishment and development of the Umayyad dynasty?
- Analyse the weakness of Yazid bin Muawiyah which made him unfit to be Caliph. (25 marks)
- Discuss the intellectual awakening during the Abbasid caliphate. (25 marks)
- Examine the causes of public dissatisfaction with the Abbasid rule which led to its decline. (25 marks)
- Account for the delay in the establishment of the Fatimid rule despite the early development of their sect. (25 marks)
- 'The reign of Azzizulah was the Golden Period of the Fatimids' rule in Egypt. Discuss. (25 marks)
- Assess the impact of the Crusade on the Muslim Community between 11th and 13th centuries. (25 marks)

11. (a) Account for the rise of Safavids in Persia. (15 marks)
- (b) What was the impact of the Safavids on the Persian? (10marks)
12. Examine the political organization of the Ottoman Empire. (25 marks)
13. Examine the moral and social life of the Arabs before the advent of prophet Muhammad (PBUH). (25marks)
14. Analyse the challenges that the prophet and his followers faced at Mecca. (25 marks)
15. To what extent were the Sabaites responsible for the downfall of Uthman bin Affan? (25 marks)
16. Assess the contribution of Muawiya bin Abu Sufian (40 AH-60AH) to the development of the Umayyad dynasty. (25 marks)
17. Explain the methods used by Umayyad rulers in the administration of the Islamic state. (25 marks)
18. (a) Account for internal conflicts during al-ma'mun's reign. (13marks)
- (b) Explain the significance of al-ma'mun's character and personality in overcoming such conflicts. (12marks)
19. Discuss the socio-economic progress during the Abbasis dynasty. (25 marks)
20. Account for the rise of the Fatimids in Egypt. (25marks)
21. 'The reign of Abu Mansoor al Aziiz Aziizullah opened a glorious chapter in the leadership of the Fatimids.' Assess the validity of this statement. (25 marks)
22. (a) Account for the outbreak of the crusade movements. (13marks)
- (b) In which ways did crusades affect the development of Islam? (12 marks)
23. (a) Account for the downfall of the Monhuls in Central Asia. (13 marks)
- (b) Examine the effects of their rule on Muslims in Central Asia. (12 marks)
24. (a) Explain the factors that led to the rise of the Ottomans. (15marks)
- (b) In what ways did they conduct the economic activities? (10 marks)
25. (a) Analyse the social structure of the pre-Islamic Arabia. (13marks)
- (b) How did this structure come into existence? (12 marks)

26. (a) Examine the types of persecution that the prophet and Muslim community experienced in Mecca. (12marks)
- (b) How did they respond to this persecution? (13marks)
27. The caliphate of Ali bin Talib was a transition from Orthodox to dynastic rule in Islam. Justify this statement. (25 marks)
28. Examine the features that distinguish Umayyads from Orthodox caliphate. (25marks)
29. To what extent can Abdul Malik be regarded as the second founder of the Umayyad dynasty? (25 marks)
30. Examine the contributions of Al Ma'mun to the intellectual development of the Muslim during the Abbasid caliphate. (25 marks)
31. Analyse the factors that led to the downfall of the Abbasids. (25 marks)
32. The Fatimids fell victim of the very strategies that brought them to power. Discuss. (25 marks)
33. (a) Explain the causes of the collapse of the Fatimid dynasty. (15marks)
- (b) What were the consequences of its collapse? (10marks)
34. Analyse the objectives of launching the Crusade movements during the 11th and 13th centuries. (25marks)
35. Discuss the factors that favored the rise of Ottoman to power. (25marks)
36. To what extent were external factors responsible for the decline of the Ottoman empire? (25 marks)
37. Analyse the religious beliefs and practices of the Jews in pre-Islamic Arabia. (25marks)
38. Examine the exemplary character of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) up to the time he received revelation. (25 marks)
- 39 (a) Account for the great expansion of Islam during the Caliphate of Uthman bin Affan. (15marks)
- (b) Explain the significance of Muslim conquests during this period. (10marks)
40. Assess the contribution of Abdul Malik bin Marwan to the consolidation of the Umayyad dynasty. (25marks)

41. Account for the downfall of the Umayyad dynasty. (25 marks)
42. Examine the factors that were responsible for the rise of the Abbasids. (25marks)
43. To what extent was the vastness of the Abbasid Empire responsible for its decline and eventual collapse? (25marks)
44. Examine the contribution of Al-Mustansir to the consolidation of the Fatimid dynast. (25 marks)
45. Account for the fall of the Fatimids in North Africa.(25marks)
46. To what extent did Salal Din contributed to Muslims' success against crusaders? (25marks)
47. (a) Explain the origin of the Moghuls. (10marks)
(b) Analyse their achievements. (15marks)
48. (a) Examine the ways Mecca developed as the centre of commercial in pre-Islamic Arabia. (15marks)
(b) What were the factors responsible for its decline in trade? (10marks)
49. Explain the way the character of Muhammad (PBUH)contributed to the sucesof his mission. (25marks)
50. (a) Examine the administrative reforms introduced by Caliph Abubakar. (15mark)
(b) Explain the internal problem he faced as a Caliph. (10marks)
51. To what extent did Ali's reluctance to punish the assassin of Uthman lay the foundation for the rise of Umayyad dynasty? (25 marks)
52. 'The shift of power from Orthodox Caliph to the Ummayyads was a mere change of guards.' Discuss. (25 marks)
53. 'The rise of the Abbasid dynasty can be entirely attributed to propaganda.' Discuss. (25marks)
54. To what extent did the recruitment of the Turkish solder lead to the downfall of the Abbasids? (25 marks)
55. How justifiable is the claim that al-Azhar is the most outstanding Fatimid cultural Institution? (25marks)
56. 'The fall of the Fatimids could have been avoided.' Assess the validity of this statement. (25marks)

58. Account for the emergence of the Safavids in Persia. (25 marks)
59. Assess the impact of the Moghuls on the development of Islam in Central Asia and India. (25marks)
60. Analyse the system of administration under the Ottomans. (25marks)
61. (a) Examine the pagan beliefs and practices of the Arabs in pre-Islamic Arabia. (15marks)
- (b) How did Islam deal with these beliefs and practices? (10marks)
62. To what extent did prophet Muhammad's Mission influence change in socio-economic order of pre-Islamic Arabia? (25marks)
63. (a) Examine Abubakar's service to Islam before he became a caliph. (13marks)
- (b) Analyse the problems he faced as caliph. (12 marks)
64. (a) Describe the early life of Marwan bin Hakam. (13marks)
- (b) Examine his contribution to the consolidation of his Umayyad dynasty. (12marks)
65. Assess the contribution of Umar bin Abdul Aziz to the prosperity Islam during the Umayyad caliphate. (25 marks)
66. (a) Account for the rise of Haruna-al-Rashid to power. (10marks)
- (b) How did he consolidate his grip on power? (15marks)
67. Analyse the features and influence on the social-political scene under the Abbasids. (25marks)
68. Justify the description of the years AD975-996 as a golden period of the Fatimid caliphate. (25marks)
69. (a) Account for the rise of the Safavids. (15marks)
- (b) What were the effects of their rule on Muslim community? (10marks)
70. Examine the contribution of Mughuls in the field of,
- (a) Art. (13marks)
- (b) Architecture. (12marks)
71. Sulayman I of the Ottoman empire was awarded the title "Sulayman the Magnificent". Justify the award of this title to Sulayman I. (25marks)

72. Examine the various economic activities that were carried out by the Meccans, Yathribites and the Yemens before Islam.
73. 'Verily in the messenger of Allah you have an excellent example for those who fear Allah...' (**Qur'an**). In light of the above verse, discuss the good example the prophet's youthful days gives to the contemporary youth. (25marks)
74. (a) Account for the Muslim's choice of Abubakar as caliph in 632 AD. (13marks)
- (b) Describe his contribution to Islam. (12marks)
75. Discuss the changes Muwiyah introduced in the institution of the caliphate. (25marks)
76. Examine the social and economic life of the Umayyads. (25marks)
77. Justify the view that Harun al Rashid's reign was a golden Abbasid age. (25marks)
78. Examine the achievements of the Abbasids in scholarship and learning. (25marks)
79. Account for the rise and consolidation of the Fatimid Caliphate in Egypt. (25marks)
80. Discuss the political organization of the Ottoman Empire. (25marks)
81. 'It was the military of Western Europe that led to eventual collapse of the Ottoman dynasty.' Discuss. (25marks)
82. To what extent did crusades influence the Muslim's attitude towards Europe? (25marks)
83. Explain the following religious practices in pre-Islamic Arabia:
- (a) Paganism (12marks)
- (b) Christianity. (13marks)
84. 'While in Makkah Muhammad's (PBUH) mission centred on the preparation of the Arabs psychologically for a fundamental change, in Madina this change was actualized.' Discuss. (25 marks)
85. "Umar's conversion to Islam was a victory, and his ascension to caliphate a great blessing to the Muslims." Discuss. (25marks)
86. (a) To what extent was Yazid bin Muawiyah's conduct as a caliph unorthodox? (15marks)
- (b) In what ways was he a victim of his father's policies? (10marks)

87. Examine the achievements of Umayyads in the following areas:
- (a) Culture (13 marks)
 - (b) Science (12marks)
88. Discuss the contribution of Al Mansur to the Abbasid caliphate. (25marks)
89. Justify the view that the Abbasid caliphate was the golden age of Islamic civilization. (25marks)
90. Assess the contribution of Al-Aziz to the Fatimids' caliphate. (25marks)
91. Discuss the political and economic organization of the Fatimid dynasty. (25marks)
92. (a) Account for the failure of the Christian crusaders to achieve their objectives. (12 marks)
- (b) What impact did the crusade movement have on the Muslim world? (13marks)
93. Examine Sulayman's contribution to the development of the Ottoman Empire which earned him the title of 'The magnificent.' (25 marks)
94. The people of Sheba formed the oldest nation of pure Arabs who lived in Yemen excavations at 'Or'. Examine the nature of their rulership. (25marks)
95. An unusual but ideal marriage. How fitting is this a description of the prophet's marriage to Hadijah? (25 marks)
100. "Abdalla bin Saba's accusations against Uthman were viewed by the majority of the companions as false." Examine these accusations and the way the Caliph refuted them. (25marks)
101. According to Muslim historian, Yazid bin Muwiyah did not measure up to the standards of the caliphs. Examine the basis of their claims. (25marks)
102. 'The least scientific development in the Muslim world was experienced during the Umayyad dynasty.' Discuss. (25marks)
103. Assess the contribution of the al Mansur to the establishment and consolidation of the Abbasid rule. (25 marks)
104. Examine the political and economic development of the Islamic state under the Abbasid rule.
105. Account for the rise of the Fatimid dynasty in Egypt. (25 marks)

106. Assess Abu Mansur's contribution to the development of the Fatimid rule. (25marks)
107. Account for the rise of the Ottoman Empire. (25marks)
108. Discuss the Ottoman's participation in international trade. (25marks)
109. The Ottoman's increased desire to colonize and control the Eastern European States led them to military confrontation with Europe, and the result was the collapse of the Ottoman Empire. Assess the validity of this statement. (25marks)
110. Examine the political life of Hijaz in pre-Islamic Arabia. (25 marks)
111. Explain the exemplary nature of Prophet Muhammad's (PBUH) life up to 621 Ad. (25marks)
112. Analyse Uthman bin Affan's administration during his Caliphate. (25marks)
113. Assess the achievements of Addul Malik, the second founder of Umayyad Caliphate. (25 marks)
114. "The Umayyad Umar bin Abdul Aziz' rule was in many aspects similar to the Orthodox Caliphate." Justify this statement. (25marks)
115. Examine the factors that helped the Abbasids to rise to power and consolidate their rule. (25 marks)
116. To what extent did the Abbasids' weakness pave the way for the emergence of Independent Muslim dynasties? (25 marks)
117. Examine the ways in which Fatimid rule affected the social and economic life of the people in North Africa. (25 marks)
118. 'It were the weakness of the last Fatimid Caliphs that led to the collapse of the Fatimid dynasty in Egypt.' Discuss. (25marks)
119. 'The crusades were nothing but a guise for Europe's territorial expansionism.' Comment. (25marks)
120. Examine the factors that favored the emergence of the Safavid dynasty. (25marks)
121. Assess the development of civilization in India under the rule of Mughuls. (25 marks)
122. The existing state of paganism, Judaism and Christianity in pre-Islamic Arabia set the stage for the advent of Islam. Justify the above statement. (25marks)

123. Examine the Prophet's economic activities from his youth up to his prophet hood. (25marks)
124. Explain the factors that contributed to Umar's conquest of the Persian and Byzantine territories (Ad634-644) (25marks)
125. Discuss the political life of Umayyad caliphate during the reign of Yazid bin Muawiya. (25marks)
126. Assess the contribution of the Umayyads to the advancement of Science. (25marks)
- 127.(a) Assess the role of the al Mansur in consolidating the Abbasid rule. (12marks)
- (b) Examine the contributions of the Abbasids to the development of Education. (13marks)
128. Assess the contributions of Harun al Rashid and al Mamun to the progress of the Muslim community during the Abbasid caliphate. (25 marks)
129. Discuss the factors that were responsible for the rise of Fatimid dynasty. (25 marks)
130. To what extent was Al Hakim's hostile attitude towards non-Muslims responsible for the stagnation of the civilization under the Fatimids? (25marks)
131. Discuss the factors that led to the rise of the Ottomans. (25marks)
132. Examine the ways in which the Ottomans contributed to international trade. (25marks)
133. For long the Ottoman Empire was referred to as "The sick man of Europe." To what extent was the military superiority of Europe responsible for the downfall of the Ottoman Empire? (25 marks)
134. Examine the practices of the Jahiliyya that Islam reformed. (25marks)
135. Discuss the factors responsible for the prophet's success in his mission. (25marks)
136. "An ideal successor to the prophet of god.". How fitting is the above a description of Abubakar as the first Caliph? (25marks)
137. examine the administrative changes introduced in the caliphate by Muawiya bin Abi Sufyan. (25 marks)
138. Discuss the political and economic organization of the Umayyad caliphate in the period AD 661-730. (25 marks)
139. Examine the impact of Abbasid rule on Muslim education. (25marks)

140. To what extent were the Abbasids responsible for the collapse of their caliphate? (25 marks)
141. Explain the way Ubaydullah the first Fatimid ruler establish himself in power. (25marks)
142. Describe the political and social life in Egypt under the Fatimid rule. (25marks)
143. Examine the factors that led to Christian Crusade in the Muslim World between the 11th and 13th centuries. (25marks)
144. Account for the fall of Ottoman Caliphate. (25marks)
145. Explain the factors which contributed to the establishment of the Moghuls rule in India. (25marks)

Please obtain free notes, exams and marking guides of Physics, chemistry, biology, history, from digitalteachers.co.ug website.

Thanks

Dr. Bbosa Science